PartnerSelect International Fund
(formerly, Litman Gregory Masters International Fund)

Summary Prospectus

April 29, 2020

Institutional Class Ticker Symbol: MSILX

As supplemented July 31, 2020

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's Prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information and other information about the Fund online at http://partnerselectfunds.com/documents-forms. You may also obtain this information at no cost by calling 1-800-960-0188. The Fund's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, each dated April 29, 2020, as supplemented, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the SEC, paper copies of the Litman Gregory Funds Trust's (the "Trust") shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports from the Trust or from your financial intermediary, such as a broker-dealer or bank. Instead, the reports will be made available on the Trust's website at www.partnerselectfunds.com, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change; and you need not take any action. You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Trust or your financial intermediary electronically by notifying your financial intermediary directly or, if you are a direct investor, by calling 1-800-960-0188.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you invest through a financial intermediary, you can contact your financial intermediary to request that you continue to receive paper copies of your reports. If you invest directly with the Trust, you can call 1-800-960-0188. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all Funds in the Trust or held with your financial intermediary.

Investment Objective

The PartnerSelect International Fund (the "International Fund") seeks long-term growth of capital; that is, the increase in the value of your investment over the long term.

Fees and Expenses of the International Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the International Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

	Institutional Class
	None

Annual Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Institutional Class
Management Fees	1.10%
Other Expenses	0.25%
Interest and Dividend Expense	0.01%
Total Other Expenses	0.26%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.36%
Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement(1)	-0.24%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement(1)	**1.12%**

(1) Litman Gregory Fund Advisors, LLC ("Litman Gregory"), the advisor to the International Fund, has contractually agreed, through April 30, 2021, to waive a portion of its advisory fees so that after paying all of the sub-advisory fees, the net advisory fee as a percentage of the International Fund's daily net assets retained by Litman Gregory is 0.40% on the first $1 billion of the International Fund's assets and 0.30% on assets over $1 billion. This agreement may be terminated at any time by the Board of Trustees (the "Board") of the Litman Gregory Funds Trust (the "Trust") upon sixty (60) days' written notice to Litman Gregory, and Litman Gregory may decline to renew this agreement by written notice to the Trust at least thirty (30) days before the agreement's annual expiration date. Litman Gregory has waived its right to receive reimbursement of the portion of its advisory fees waived pursuant to this agreement.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the International Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest $10,000 in the International Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the International Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Institutional Class	$138	$431	$745	$1,635

Portfolio Turnover

The International Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when shares of the International Fund are held in a taxable account as compared to shares in investment companies that hold investments for a longer period. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the International Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the International Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 45.48% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Strategies

Litman Gregory Fund Advisors, LLC, the advisor to the International Fund, believes that it is possible to identify international investment managers to serve as sub-advisors who, over a market cycle, have a greater potential to deliver superior returns for a Fund relative to their peer groups. Litman Gregory also believes it can identify sub-advisors whose portfolio managers are skilled stock pickers and who, within the investment portfolios they manage separately from the Fund (their "proprietary funds”), have higher confidence in the return potential of some stocks than others. Litman Gregory believes a portfolio comprised only of these portfolio managers’ “higher confidence” stocks should outperform their proprietary funds over a market cycle.

Based on these beliefs, the International Fund’s strategy is to engage a number of proven managers as sub-advisors (each a “manager” or “sub-advisor”), with each manager investing in the securities of companies that it believes have strong appreciation potential. Under normal conditions, each sub-advisor manages a portion of the International Fund’s assets by independently managing a portfolio typically composed of between 8 and 15 stocks. There is no minimum or maximum allocation of the Fund’s portfolio assets to each sub-advisor. Under normal market conditions, the International Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in the securities of companies organized or located outside of the United States, including large-, mid-, and small-cap companies and companies located in emerging markets, as measured by market capitalization at the time of acquisition. Litman Gregory defines an emerging market country as any country that is included in the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. The International Fund ordinarily invests in the securities markets of at least five countries outside of the United States. Concentration of investments in certain sectors – including, but not limited to, the communications services, consumer discretionary, financial and industrial sectors – may occur from time to time as a result of the implementation of the International Fund’s investment strategy by the sub-advisors.

Each sub-advisor uses its own discretion to invest in any sized company it deems appropriate. The managers have limited flexibility to invest in the securities of U.S. companies. By executing its investment strategy, the International Fund seeks to:

- combine the efforts of several experienced, high quality international managers;
- access the favorite stock-picking ideas of each manager at any point in time;
- deliver a portfolio that is prudently diversified in terms of stocks (typically 32 to 60) and industries while still allowing each manager to run portfolio segments focused on only his favorite stocks; and
- further diversify across different sized companies, countries, and stock-picking styles by including managers with a variety of stock-picking disciplines.

Generally, a security may be sold: (1) if the manager believes the security’s market price exceeds the manager’s estimate of intrinsic value; (2) if the manager’s view of the business fundamentals or management of the underlying company changes; (3) if a more attractive investment opportunity is found; (4) if general market conditions trigger a change in the manager’s assessment criteria; or (5) for other portfolio management reasons. The International Fund’s managers may trade its portfolio frequently.

Principal Risks

Investment in stocks exposes shareholders of the International Fund to the risk of losing money if the value of the stocks held by the International Fund declines during the period an investor owns shares in the International Fund. The following risks could affect the value of your investment. The following risks could affect the value of your investment. Each risk summarized below is considered a “principal risk” of investing in the International Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears. Some or all of these risks may adversely affect the International Fund’s net asset value per share, total return and/or ability to meet its objective.

- **Foreign Investment Risk.** This is the risk that an investment in foreign (non-U.S.) securities may cause the Fund to experience more rapid and extreme changes in value than a fund that invests exclusively in securities of U.S. companies, due to factors such as currency conversion rate fluctuations, and the political and economic climates and differences in financial reporting, accounting and auditing standards in the foreign countries where the Fund invests or has exposure.
- **Risks Associated with Europe.** The Fund may invest a significant portion of its assets in issuers based in Western Europe and the United Kingdom (“UK”). The economies of countries in Europe are often closely connected and interdependent, and events in one country in Europe can have an adverse impact on other European countries. Efforts by the member countries of the European Union (“EU”) to continue to unify their economic and monetary policies may increase the potential for similarities in the movements of European markets and reduce the potential investment benefits of diversification within the region. However, the substance of these policies may not address the needs of all European economies. European financial markets have in recent years experienced increased volatility due to concerns with some

countries' high levels of sovereign debt, budget deficits and unemployment. Markets have also been affected by the decision by the UK to withdraw from the EU (an event commonly known as "Brexit"). There is uncertainty surrounding the impact of Brexit on the UK, the EU and the broader global economy. An exit by any member countries from the EU or the Economic and Monetary Union of the EU, or even the prospect of such an exit, could lead to increased volatility in European markets and negatively affect investments both in issuers in the exiting country and throughout Europe.

- **Emerging Markets Risk.** This is the risk that the value of the Fund's emerging markets investments will decline due to the greater degree of economic, political and social instability of emerging or developing countries as compared to developed countries.

- **Currency Risk:** This is the risk that foreign currencies will decline in value relative to the U.S. dollar and affect the Fund's investments in foreign (non-U.S.) currencies or in securities that trade in, and receive revenues in, or in derivatives that provide exposure to, foreign (non-U.S.) currencies.

- **Market Risk and Recent Market Volatility Associated with COVID-19.** As with all mutual funds that invest in common stocks, the value of an individual's investment will fluctuate daily in response to the performance of the individual stocks held in the International Fund. The stock market has been subject to significant volatility recently, which has increased the risks associated with an investment in the International Fund. In particular, the financial markets have recently been impacted by the outbreak of an infectious respiratory illness caused by a novel coronavirus known as COVID-19, which was first detected in China in December 2019 and has spread internationally. This coronavirus has resulted in international border closings, enhanced health screenings, expanded healthcare services and expenses, quarantines and other restrictions on business and personal activities, cancellations, disruptions to supply chains and consumer activity, as well as general public concern and uncertainty. The impact of this outbreak has negatively affected the worldwide economy, as well as the economies of individual countries, the financial health of individual companies and the market in general in significant and unforeseen ways. The future impact of COVID-19 is currently unknown and it may exacerbate other risks that apply to the Fund, including political, social and economic risks. Any such impact could adversely affect the Fund's performance, the performance of the securities in which the Fund invests and may lead to losses on your investment in the Fund.

- **Smaller Companies Risk.** The International Fund may invest a portion of its assets in the securities of small- and mid-sized companies. Securities of small- and mid-cap companies are generally more volatile and less liquid than the securities of large-cap companies. This is because smaller companies may be more reliant on a few products, services or key personnel, which can make it riskier than investing in larger companies with more diverse product lines and structured management.

- **Multi-Style Management Risk.** Because portions of the International Fund's assets are managed by different portfolio managers using different styles, the International Fund could experience overlapping security transactions. Certain portfolio managers may be purchasing securities at the same time other portfolio managers may be selling those same securities, which may lead to higher transaction expenses compared to a Fund using a single investment management style.

- **Large Shareholder Purchase and Redemption Risk.** The Fund may experience adverse effects when certain large shareholders purchase or redeem large amounts of shares of the Fund. Such large shareholder redemptions may cause the Fund to sell its securities at times when it would not otherwise do so, which may negatively impact the Fund's net asset value and liquidity. Similarly, large share purchases may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would. In addition, a large redemption could result in the Fund's current expenses being allocated over a smaller asset base, leading to an increase in the Fund's expense ratio.

- **Special Situations Risk.** Investments in special situations (undervalued equities, merger arbitrage situations, distressed companies, etc.) may involve greater risks when compared to other investments the Fund may make due to a variety of factors. For example, mergers, acquisitions, reorganizations, liquidations or recapitalizations may fail or not be completed on the terms originally contemplated, and expected developments may not occur in a timely manner, if at all.

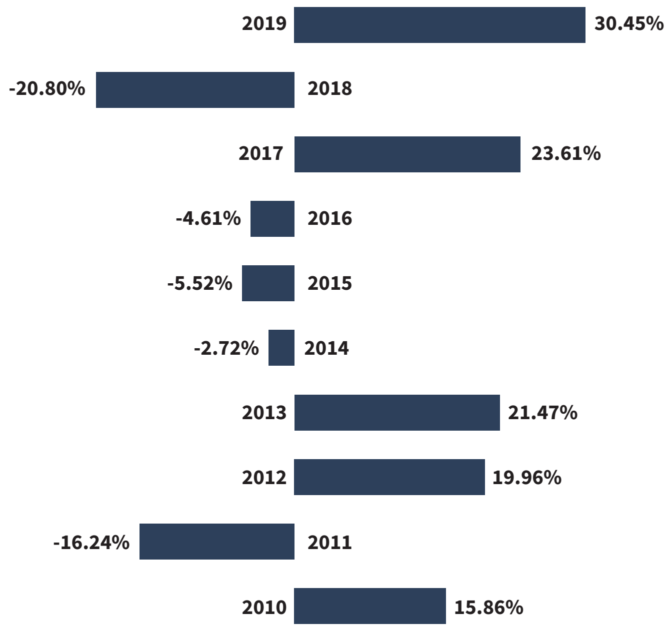
- **Value Stock Risk.** Value stocks are stocks of companies that may have experienced adverse business or industry developments or may be subject to special risks that have caused the stocks to be out of favor and, in the opinion of the manager, undervalued. The value of a security believed by the manager to be undervalued may never reach what is believed to be its full (intrinsic) value, or such security's value may decrease.

- **Sector Weightings Risk.** To the extent that the Fund emphasizes, from time to time, investments in a particular sector, the Fund will be subject to a greater degree to the risks particular to that sector, including the sectors described below. Market conditions, interest rates, and economic, regulatory, or financial developments could significantly affect a single sector. By focusing its investments in a particular sector, the Fund may face more risks than if it were diversified broadly over numerous sectors.
    - **Communications Services Sector Risk.** The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in the communications services sector. Media and communications companies may be significantly affected by product and service obsolescence due to technological advancement or development, competitive pressures, substantial capital requirements, fluctuating demand and changes in regulation.
    - **Consumer Discretionary Sector Risk.** The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in the consumer discretionary sector. The success of consumer product manufacturers and retailers is tied closely to the performance of the overall domestic and international economy, interest rates, competition and consumer confidence. Success depends heavily on disposable household income and consumer spending. Changes in demographics and consumer tastes can also affect the demand for, and success of, consumer products and services in the marketplace.
    - **Financial Sector Risk.** The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in the financial services sector and, therefore, the performance of the Fund could be negatively impacted by events affecting this sector, including changes in interest rates, government regulation, the rate of defaults on corporate, consumer and government debt and the availability and cost of capital.
    - **Industrial Sector Risk.** The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in the industrial sector. Companies in the industrial sector could be affected by, among other things, government regulation, world events and global economic conditions, insurance costs, and labor relations issues.
- **Investment Selection Risk.** The specific investments held in the Fund's investment portfolio may underperform other funds in the same asset class or benchmarks that are representative of the general performance of the asset class because of a portfolio manager's choice of securities.
- **Portfolio Turnover Risk.** High portfolio turnover involves correspondingly greater expenses to the International Fund, including brokerage commissions or dealer mark-ups and other transaction costs on the sale of securities and reinvestments in other securities, which may result in adverse tax consequences to the International Fund's shareholders as compared to shareholders of investment companies that hold investments for a longer period.

Performance

The following performance information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the International Fund. The bar chart shows changes in the performance of the International Fund's Institutional Class shares from year to year. The table below shows how the International Fund's average annual total returns of the Institutional Class for the 1-, 5- and 10-year periods compare to those of a broad-based market index, a secondary market index, as well as an index of peer group mutual funds. Past performance, before and after taxes, does not necessarily indicate how the International Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on the International Fund's website at www.partnerselectfunds.com.

International Fund - Institutional Class
Calendar Year Total Returns as of December 31



During the period shown above, the highest and lowest quarterly returns earned by the International Fund were:

Highest:	**19.18%**	**Quarter ended September 30, 2010**
Lowest:	**-22.16%**	**Quarter ended September 30, 2011**

Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2019)

International Fund	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years
Institutional Class			
Return Before Taxes	**30.45%**	**2.85%**	**4.70%**
Return After Taxes on Distributions	**29.77%**	**2.32%**	**4.42%**
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	**18.89%**	**2.21%**	**3.82%**
MSCI ACWI ex-U.S. Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	**21.51%**	**5.51%**	**4.97%**
MSCI EAFE Index (reflects no deduction of fees, expenses or taxes)	**22.01%**	**5.67%**	**5.50%**
Morningstar Foreign Large Blend Category (reflects net performance of funds in this group)	**21.40%**	**5.18%**	**5.07%**

The International Fund's after-tax returns as shown in the above table are calculated using the historical highest applicable individual federal marginal income tax rates for the period and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. If you own shares of the International Fund in a tax-deferred account, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account, after-tax returns shown are not relevant to your investment. The after-tax returns on distributions and sale of Fund shares may be higher than returns before taxes due to the effect of a tax benefit an investor may receive from the realization of capital losses that would have been incurred on the sale of Fund shares.

Management

INVESTMENT ADVISOR	PORTFOLIO MANAGER	MANAGED THE INTERNATIONAL FUND SINCE:
Litman Gregory Fund Advisors, LLC	Jeremy DeGroot, CFA, President of the Trust, Principal, Chief Investment Officer and Co-Portfolio Manager	2005
	Rajat Jain, Principal, CFA, Senior Research Analyst and Co-Portfolio Manager	2014

SUB-ADVISOR	PORTFOLIO MANAGER	MANAGED THE INTERNATIONAL FUND SINCE:
Evermore Global Advisors, LLC	David E. Marcus, Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager	2017
Harris Associates L.P.	David G. Herro, CFA, Deputy Chairman, Portfolio Manager and Chief Investment Officer, International Equity	1997
Lazard Asset Management LLC	Mark Little, Portfolio Manager/Analyst	2013
Pictet Asset Management, Ltd.	Fabio Paolini, CFA, Portfolio Manager, Co-Lead of EAFE Equities	2016
	Benjamin (Ben) Beneche, CFA, Portfolio Manager, Co-Lead of EAFE Equities	2016

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase, redeem or exchange Fund shares on any business day by written request via mail (Litman Gregory Funds Trust, c/o DST Asset Manager Solutions, Inc., P.O. Box 219922, Kansas City, MO 64121-9922), by wire transfer, by telephone at 1-800-960-0188, or through a financial intermediary. The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts for the Fund are shown below.

Fund/Type of Account	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Additional Investment	Minimum Account Balance
International Fund			
Regular **- Institutional Class**	**$10,000**	**$250**	**$2,500**
Retirement Account **- Institutional Class**	**$1,000**	**$100**	**$250**
Automatic Investment Account **- Institutional Class**	**$2,500**	**$250**	**$2,500**

Tax Information

Depending on the character of income distributed, the Fund's distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Such tax-deferred arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal from those accounts.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and/or Litman Gregory may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.