

# PartnerSelect Oldfield International Value Fund

## Summary Prospectus

**Institutional Class Ticker Symbol: POIVX**

**April 30, 2021**

*Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's Prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information and other information about the Fund online at <http://partnerselectfunds.com/documents-forms>. You may also obtain this information at no cost by calling 1-800-960-0188. The Fund's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, each dated April 30, 2021, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.*

*Paper copies of the Funds' annual and semi-annual shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports. Instead, the reports will be made available on the Funds' website ([www.partnerselectfunds.com](http://www.partnerselectfunds.com)), and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.*

*You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you invest through a financial intermediary, you can contact your financial intermediary to request that you receive paper copies of your reports. If you invest directly with the Trust, you can call 1-800-960-0188. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all Funds in the Trust or held with your financial intermediary.*

### **Investment Objective**

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The PartnerSelect Oldfield International Value Fund (the "Fund") seeks long-term growth of capital; that is, the increase in the value of your investment over the long term.

## Fees and Expenses of the Oldfield International Value Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Oldfield International Value Fund.

### Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

	Institutional Class
	None

### Annual Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Institutional Class
Management Fees	0.70%
Distribution and or Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	2.19%
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	2.89%
Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement <sup>(1),(2)</sup>	-1.95%
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement<sup>(1),(2)</sup></b>	<b>0.94%</b>

(1) Litman Gregory Fund Advisors, LLC (“Litman Gregory”), the advisor to the Fund, has contractually agreed to limit the Fund’s operating expenses (excluding any taxes, interest, brokerage commissions, borrowing costs, dividend expenses, acquired fund fees and expenses and extraordinary expenses) through April 30, 2022 to an annual rate of 0.94% for the Institutional Class (the “Operating Expense Limitation”). This agreement may be renewed for additional periods not exceeding one (1) year and may be terminated by the Board of Trustees (the “Board”) of Litman Gregory Funds Trust (the “Trust”) upon sixty (60) days’ written notice to Litman Gregory. Litman Gregory may also decline to renew this agreement by written notice to the Trust at least thirty (30) days before the renewal date. Any fee waiver or expense reimbursement made by Litman Gregory pursuant to this agreement is subject to the repayment by the Fund only within three (3) years of the date such amounts were waived or reimbursed, provided that the repayment does not cause the Fund’s annual expense ratio to exceed the lesser of (i) the expense limitation applicable at the time of that fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement or (ii) the expense limitation in effect at the time of repayment, and the repayment is approved by the Board.

(2) Litman Gregory has contractually agreed through April 30, 2022, to waive a portion of its advisory fees so that after paying all of the sub-advisory fees, the net advisory fee as a percentage of the Fund’s daily net assets retained by Litman Gregory is 0.35%. This agreement may be terminated at any time by the Board of the Trust upon sixty (60) days’ written notice to Litman Gregory, and Litman Gregory may decline to renew this agreement at its expiration on April 30, 2022 by written notice to the Trust at least thirty (30) days before the agreement’s annual expiration date. While Litman Gregory has waived its right to receive reimbursement of the portion of its advisory fees waived pursuant to this agreement, Litman Gregory may be reimbursed for non-advisory related expenses.

### Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Oldfield International Value Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Oldfield International Value Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Oldfield International Value Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. The cost for the Fund reflects the net expenses of the Oldfield International Value Fund that result from the contractual expense limitation in the first year only. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Institutional Class	\$96	\$646	\$1,291	\$3,024

### Portfolio Turnover

The Oldfield International Value Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when shares of the Oldfield International Value Fund are held in a taxable account as compared to shares in investment

companies that hold investments for a longer period. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Oldfield International Value Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal period, the Oldfield International Value Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 2.51%.

## Principal Strategies

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The Oldfield International Value Fund invests in the securities of companies with market capitalization of \$10 billion or greater that the subadvisor to the Fund (the "manager" or "sub-advisor") believes have strong appreciation potential. Under normal market conditions, the Oldfield International Value Fund's portfolio is typically composed of between 25 to 30 stocks. Under normal market conditions, the Oldfield International Value Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in securities of value companies domiciled outside the United States, or having the majority of their assets located in or deriving a majority of their operating income from countries outside the United States, mostly mid- to large-sized companies (*i.e.*, companies with a market capitalization of greater than \$10 billion at the time of acquisition), including companies located in emerging markets. Investments in companies located in emerging market countries are expected to be 20% or less of the Oldfield International Value Fund's net assets. Value stocks are those that are believed to be undervalued in comparison to their peers due to temporary adverse market or industry or business developments that result in a stock trading at a discount to estimated long-term intrinsic value, which is determined by the sub-advisor and measured using traditional financial metrics such as low price-to-earnings, price-to-cash-flow, and/or price-to-book ratios. Litman Gregory defines an emerging market country as any country that is included in the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. Concentration of investments in certain sectors may occur from time to time as a result of the implementation of the Oldfield International Value Fund's investment strategy by the manager.

By executing its investment strategy, the Oldfield International Value Fund seeks to:

- leverage the efforts of an experienced, high quality manager;
- access the highest-conviction ideas of the manager at any point in time; and
- deliver a portfolio that is prudently diversified in terms of stocks (typically 25 to 30) and industries and countries while still allowing the manager to focus on only its favorite stocks.

Generally, a security may be sold: (1) if the manager believes the security's market price exceeds the manager's estimate of intrinsic value; (2) if the manager's view of the business fundamentals or management of the underlying company changes; (3) if a more attractive investment opportunity is found; (4) if general market conditions trigger a change in the manager's assessment criteria; or (5) for other portfolio management reasons. The Oldfield International Value Fund's investment manager may trade its portfolio frequently.

## Principal Risks

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Investment in stocks exposes shareholders of the Oldfield International Value Fund to the risk of losing money if the value of the stocks held by the Fund declines during the period an investor owns shares in the Fund. The following risks could affect the value of your investment. Each risk summarized below is considered a "principal risk" of investing in the Oldfield International Value Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears. Some or all of these risks may adversely affect the Oldfield International Value Fund's net asset value per share, total return and/or ability to meet its objective.

- **Foreign Investment Risk.** This is the risk that an investment in foreign (non-U.S.) securities may cause the Fund to experience more rapid and extreme changes in value than a fund that invests exclusively in securities of U.S. companies, due to factors such as currency conversion rate fluctuations, and the political and economic climates and differences in financial reporting, accounting and auditing standards in the foreign countries where the Fund invests or has exposure.
- **Country/Regional Risk.** This is the risk that world events – such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters – will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions. Because the Fund may invest a large portion of its assets in securities of companies located in any one country or region, including emerging markets, the Fund's performance may be hurt disproportionately by the poor performance of its investments in that area. Country/regional risk is heightened in emerging markets.

- **Risks Associated with Europe.** The Fund may invest a significant portion of its assets in issuers based in Western Europe and the United Kingdom (“UK”). The economies of countries in Europe are often closely connected and interdependent, and events in one country in Europe can have an adverse impact on other European countries. Efforts by the member countries of the European Union (“EU”) to continue to unify their economic and monetary policies may increase the potential for similarities in the movements of European markets and reduce the potential investment benefits of diversification within the region. However, the substance of these policies may not address the needs of all European economies. European financial markets have in recent years experienced increased volatility due to concerns with some countries’ high levels of sovereign debt, budget deficits and unemployment. Markets have also been affected by the decision by the UK to withdraw from the EU (an event commonly known as “Brexit”). There is uncertainty surrounding the impact of Brexit on the UK, the EU and the broader global economy. An exit by any member countries from the EU or the Economic and Monetary Union of the EU, or even the prospect of such an exit, could lead to increased volatility in European markets and negatively affect investments both in issuers in the exiting country and throughout Europe.
- **Risks Associated with Japan.** The Fund may invest a significant portion of its assets in issuers based in Japan. Investments in Japanese issuers may be subject to political, economic, nuclear and labor risks, among others. Any of these risks, individually or in the aggregate, can impact an investment made in Japan. The growth of Japan’s economy has recently lagged that of its Asian neighbors and other major developed economies. Since 2000, Japan’s economic growth rate has generally remained low relative to other advanced economies, and it may remain low in the future. The Japanese economy faces several concerns, any of which could negatively affect the value of Japanese investments.
- **Value Stock Risk.** Value stocks are stocks of companies that may have experienced adverse business or industry developments or may be subject to special risks that have caused the stocks to be out of favor and, in the opinion of the manager, undervalued. The value of a security believed by the manager to be undervalued may never reach what is believed to be its full (intrinsic) value.
- **Emerging Markets Risk.** This is the risk that the value of the Fund’s emerging markets investments will decline due to the greater degree of economic, political and social instability of emerging or developing countries as compared to developed countries.
- **Currency Risk.** This is the risk that foreign currencies will decline in value relative to the U.S. dollar and affect the Fund’s investments in foreign (non-U.S.) currencies or in securities that trade in, and receive revenues in, or in derivatives that provide exposure to, foreign (non-U.S.) currencies.
- **Market Risk.** As with all mutual funds that invest in common stocks, the value of an individual’s investment will fluctuate daily in response to the performance of the individual stocks held in the Fund. The stock market has been subject to significant volatility recently, which has increased the risks associated with an investment in the Fund.
- **Public Health Emergency Risk.** This is the risk that pandemics and other public health emergencies, including outbreaks of infectious diseases such as the current outbreak of the novel coronavirus (“COVID-19”), can result, and in the case of COVID-19 is resulting, in market volatility and disruption, and materially and adversely impact economic conditions in ways that cannot be predicted, all of which could result in substantial investment losses. Containment efforts and related restrictive actions by governments and businesses have significantly diminished and disrupted global economic activity across many industries. Less developed countries and their health systems may be more vulnerable to these impacts. The ultimate impact of COVID-19 or other health emergencies on global economic conditions and businesses is impossible to predict accurately. Ongoing and potential additional material adverse economic effects of indeterminate duration and severity are possible. The resulting adverse impact on the value of an investment in the Fund could be significant and prolonged.
- **Equity Securities Risk.** This is the risk that the value of equity securities may fluctuate, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably, due to factors affecting the general market, an entire industry or sector, or particular companies. These factors include, without limitation, adverse changes in economic conditions, the general outlook for corporate earnings, interest rates or investor sentiment; increases in production costs; and significant management decisions. This risk is greater for small- and medium-sized companies, which tend to be more vulnerable to adverse developments than larger companies.
- **Large Shareholder Purchase and Redemption Risk.** The Fund may experience adverse effects when certain large shareholders purchase or redeem large amounts of shares of the Fund. Such large shareholder redemptions may cause

the Fund to sell its securities at times when it would not otherwise do so, which may negatively impact the Fund’s net asset value and liquidity. Similarly, large share purchases may adversely affect the Fund’s performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would. In addition, a large redemption could result in the Fund’s current expenses being allocated over a smaller asset base, leading to an increase in the Fund’s expense ratio.

- **Mid-Sized Companies Risk.** The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in the securities of mid-sized companies. Securities of these companies are generally more volatile and less liquid than the securities of large-cap companies. This is because mid-cap companies may be more reliant on a few products, services or key personnel than large-cap companies, which can make it riskier than investing in larger companies with more diverse product lines and structured management.
- **Sector Weightings Risk.** To the extent that the Fund emphasizes, from time to time, investments in a particular sector, the Fund will be subject to a greater degree to the risks particular to that sector. Market conditions, interest rates, and economic, regulatory, or financial developments could significantly affect a single sector. By focusing its investments in a particular sector, the Fund may face more risks than if it were diversified broadly over numerous sectors.
- **Investment Selection Risk.** The specific investments held in the Fund’s investment portfolio may underperform other funds in the same asset class or benchmarks that are representative of the general performance of the asset class because of a portfolio manager’s choice of securities.

## Performance

Because the Oldfield International Value Fund commenced operations on November 30, 2020, no performance information is presented at this time. Once the Oldfield International Value Fund has a performance record of at least one calendar year, a bar chart and performance table will be included in this Prospectus. Updated performance information is available on the Oldfield International Value Fund’s website at [www.partnerselectfunds.com](http://www.partnerselectfunds.com).

## Management

INVESTMENT ADVISOR	PORTFOLIO MANAGER	MANAGED THE OLDFIELD INTERNATIONAL VALUE FUND SINCE:
<b>Litman Gregory Fund Advisors, LLC</b>	Rajat Jain, CFA, Principal, Senior Research Analyst and Co-Portfolio Manager	2020
	Jeremy DeGroot, CFA, President of the Trust, Principal, Chief Investment Officer and Co-Portfolio Manager	2020
SUB-ADVISOR	PORTFOLIO MANAGER	MANAGED THE OLDFIELD INTERNATIONAL VALUE FUND SINCE:
<b>Oldfield Partners LLP</b>	Nigel Waller, Chief Investment Officer, Co-Portfolio Manager	2020
	Andrew Goodwin, Partner, Co-Portfolio Manager	2020

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

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You may purchase, redeem or exchange Fund shares on any business day by written request via mail (Litman Gregory Funds Trust, c/o DST Asset Manager Solutions, Inc., P.O. Box 219922, Kansas City, MO 64121-9922), by wire transfer, by telephone at 1-800-960-0188, or through a financial intermediary. The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts for the Fund are shown below.

<b>Fund/Type of Account</b>	<b>Minimum Initial Investment<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Minimum Additional Investment</b>	<b>Minimum Account Balance</b>
<b>Oldfield International Value Fund</b>			
Regular			
- Institutional Class	\$10,000	\$250	\$2,500
Retirement Account			
- Institutional Class	\$1,000	\$100	\$250
Automatic Investment Account			
- Institutional Class	\$2,500	\$250	\$2,500

(1) The minimum investment amounts may be waived or lowered for investments effected through banks and other institutions that have entered into arrangements with the Fund or the distributor of the Fund and for investments effected on a group basis by certain other entities and their employees, such as investments pursuant to a payroll deduction plan and asset-based or wrap programs. Please consult your financial intermediary for information about minimum investment requirements. The Fund reserves the right to change or waive the minimum initial and subsequent investment requirements at any time. The Fund reserves the right to close purchases to new investors at any time.

## Tax Information

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Depending on the character of income distributed, the Fund's distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Such tax-deferred arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal from those accounts.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

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If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and/or Litman Gregory may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



